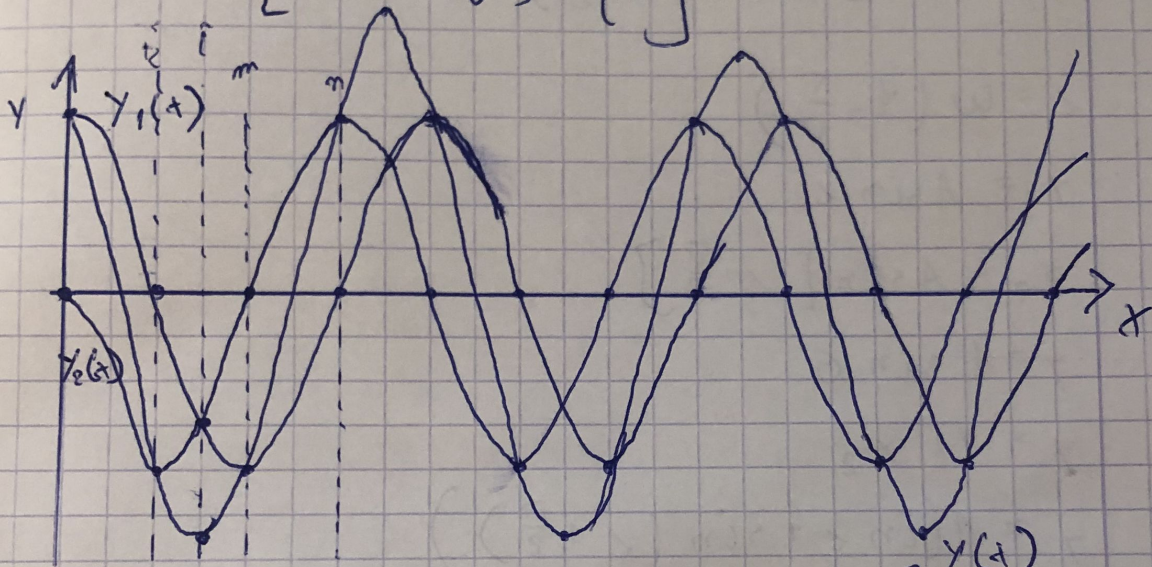


37.6.

$$\omega \rho_0 = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$y_1 = A \sin \left[\omega \left(t - \frac{x}{v} \right) \right]$$

$$y_2 = A \sin \left[\omega \left(t - \frac{x}{v} \right) + \varphi_0 \right]$$



$$y_{w.0} = A + 0 = A$$

$$y_{w.l} = 0 - A = -A$$

$$y_{w.L} = -0.7A - 0.7A = -1.4A$$

$$y_{w.m} = -A - 0 = -A$$

$$y_{w.lc} = 0 + A = A$$

$$y(x) = y_1(x) + y_2(x)$$

b)

$$A_{\omega} = 1,4 A$$

$$y_1 = A \sin \left[\omega \left(t - \frac{x}{v} \right) \right]$$

$$y_2 = A \sin \left[\omega \left(t - \frac{x}{v} \right) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$$

$$\angle = \omega \left(t - \frac{x}{v} \right)$$

$$y_1 = A \sin \angle$$

$$y_2 = A \sin \left[\angle + \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$$

$$y = A' \sin \theta$$

$$y = y_1 + y_2$$

$$y = A \left(\sin \angle + \sin \left(\angle + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$\sin x + \sin y = 2 \frac{\cos(x-y)}{2} \frac{\sin(x+y)}{2}$$



$$y = A \cdot 2 \cos \left(\frac{\angle - \left(\angle + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{2} \right) \sin \left(\frac{\angle + \left(\angle + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{2} \right)$$

$$y = A \cdot 2 \cos \left(-\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \sin \left(\angle + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$$

$$y = 2A \cos \left(-\frac{\pi}{4} \right) \sin \left(\angle + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$$

$$\cos(-x) = \cos x$$

↓

$$y = 2A \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$A' = 2A \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$A' = 2A \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$A' = \sqrt{2} A$$

$$A' \approx 1,4A$$

$\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$