

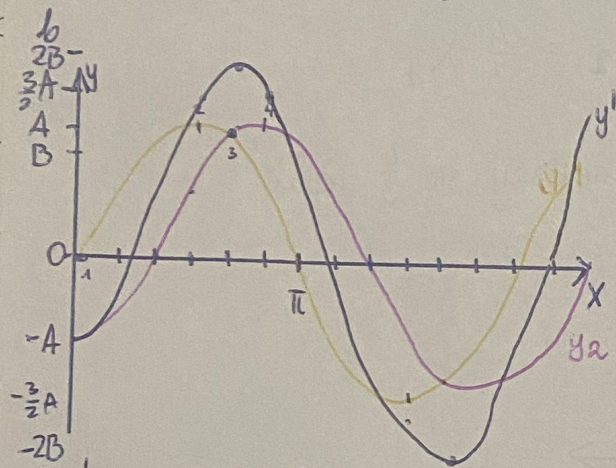
2ad 37.5

rys I

a)  $\frac{2\pi - 12}{x - 1} \quad x = \frac{2\pi}{12} = \frac{1}{6}\pi$

$\Delta\varphi = 2x$

$\Delta\varphi = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{6}\pi = \frac{\pi}{3}$



$y_1' = 0 - A = -A$

$y_2' = A + \frac{A}{2} = \frac{3}{2}A$

$y_3' = B + B = 2B$

$y_4' = \frac{A}{2} + A = \frac{3}{2}A$

c)  $y_1(x,t) = A \sin[\omega(t - \frac{x_1}{v})]$   
 $y_2(x,t) = A \sin[\omega(t - \frac{x_2}{v})]$

$y = y_1 + y_2 = A' \sin[\omega(t - \frac{x_1}{v})]$

$y = A(\sin[\omega(t - \frac{x_1}{v})] + \sin[\omega(t - \frac{x_2}{v})])$

$\sin\alpha + \sin\beta = 2 \cos(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}) \sin(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2})$

$y = 2A \cos(\frac{\omega(t - \frac{x_1}{v}) - \omega(t - \frac{x_2}{v})}{2}) \sin(\frac{\omega(t - \frac{x_1}{v}) + \omega(t - \frac{x_2}{v})}{2})$

$A' = 2A \cos[\frac{\omega(t - \frac{x_1}{v}) - \omega(t - \frac{x_2}{v})}{2}]$

$A' = 2A \cos[\frac{\omega}{2}(\frac{x_2}{v} - \frac{x_1}{v})]$

$A' = 2A \cos[\frac{\omega}{2v}(x_2 - x_1)] \quad \frac{\omega}{v} = 1$

$A' = 2A \cos[\frac{1}{2}(x_2 - x_1)]$

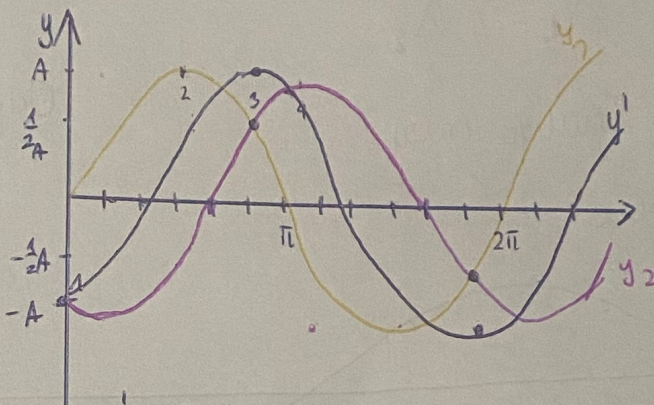
rys II

a)  $x = \frac{2\pi}{12} = \frac{1}{6}\pi$

$\Delta\varphi = 4x$

$\Delta\varphi_2 = 4 \cdot \frac{1}{6}\pi = \frac{2}{3}\pi$

b



$y_1' = 0 - A = -A$

$y_2' = A - \frac{1}{2}A = \frac{1}{2}A$

$y_3' = \frac{1}{2}A + \frac{1}{2}A = A$

$y_4' = -\frac{1}{2}A + A = \frac{1}{2}A$

c) rys I

$x_1 = \frac{3}{6}\pi$

$x_2 = \frac{5}{6}\pi$

$A' = 2A \cos[\frac{1}{2}(\frac{5}{6}\pi - \frac{3}{6}\pi)]$

$A' = 2A \cos[\frac{\pi}{6}]$

$A' = \sqrt{3}A$

rys II

$x_1 = \pi$

$x_2 = \frac{10}{6}\pi$

$A' = 2A \cos[\frac{1}{2}(\frac{10}{6}\pi - \pi)]$

$A' = 2A \cos(\frac{1}{3}\pi)$

$A' = A$